## UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

ENRIQUE ZAMBRANO,	) CASE NO. CV 09-0491 / SBA
Petitioner,	DEATH PENALTY
v.	) ) ORDER GRANTING IN PART
VINCENT CULLEN, Warden of California State Prison at San Quentin,	) AND DENYING IN PART ) PREJUDICE PETITIONER'S MOTION
Respondent.	) FOR EQUITABLE TOLLING AND FOR A STAY OF FEDERAL LITIGATION

Petitioner is a condemned inmate at San Quentin State Prison. On October 15, 2009, petitioner initiated the present capital habeas action when he asked the Court to appoint counsel and to stay his execution pending the completion of this action. On October 21, 2009, the Court granted Petitioner's requests and referred the matter to the Court's Selection Board for the recommendation of counsel to represent petitioner. To date, counsel has not been selected.

On August 10, 2010, petitioner filed a pro se protective habeas petition, as well as a Motion for Equitable Tolling and for a Stay of Federal Litigation Until Appointment of Counsel. According to petitioner, the one-year statute of limitations applicable to federal habeas petitions, see 28 U.S.C. § 2244(d)(1) (2010), unless equitably tolled, expired on August 12, 2010. Petitioner filed his pro se protective petition "in order to protect his rights to pursue federal habeas review and to have

assistance of counsel in doing so." Mot. at 5. He states that the protective petition is "admittedly deficient; because of extreme time pressures, the Petition has been quickly adapted from the pleadings filed in state court on appeal and on habeas proceedings." <u>Id.</u> at 3-4. Petitioner seeks tolling for two consecutive time periods: 1) the number of days between the date of final judgment in state court on his conviction and sentence (August 12, 2009), and the date of appointment of counsel, which has not yet occurred, and 2) one additional year from the date of appointment of counsel to allow for the preparation of a complete amended petition. Finally, petitioner requests the Court to stay the litigation of his petition until counsel is appointed.

The Supreme Court of the United States recently held that "the timeliness provision in the federal habeas corpus statute is subject to equitable tolling." Holland v. Florida, 560 U.S. \_\_\_\_, No. 09-5327, 2010 WL 2346549, at \*3 (U.S. June 14, 2010). A federal habeas petitioner "is 'entitled to equitable tolling' only if he shows '(1) that he has been pursuing his rights diligently, and (2) that some extraordinary circumstance stood in his way' and prevented timely filing." Id., at \*12 (quoting Pace v. DiGuglielmo, 544 U.S. 408, 418 (2005)). "When external forces, rather than a petitioner's lack of diligence, account for the failure to file a timely claim, equitable tolling of the statute of limitations may be appropriate." Miles v. Prunty, 187 F.3d 1104, 1107 (9th Cir. 1999).

In capital habeas actions, an indigent petitioner has a statutory right to counsel. 18 U.S.C. § 3599(a)(2) (2010). This includes "a right to legal assistance in the preparation of a habeas corpus application." McFarland v. Scott, 512 U.S. 849, 856 (1994). An attorney's assistance in preparing a capital habeas petition is crucial owing to the complex nature of capital habeas proceedings and the seriousness of the death penalty. Id. at 855–56. For these reasons, a capital habeas petitioner is generally entitled to equitable tolling during the time that a court is seeking counsel to appoint to represent the petitioner. See, e.g., Smith v. Ayers, No. 3-4-cv-3436-CRB (N.D. Cal. Jan. 8, 2009); Fairbank v. Woodford, No. 3-98-cv-1027-CRB (N.D. Cal. Sept. 26, 1999); Ervin v. Woodford, No. 4-0-cv-1228-CW (N.D. Cal. Nov. 14, 2001); Hughes v. Woodford, No. 3-3-cv-2666-JSW (N.D. Cal. Dec. 24, 2003). Indeed, it is frequently the case that "were [a c]ourt to hold otherwise, a capital habeas petitioner's right to counsel would be thoroughly eviscerated." Smith, slip op. at 3.

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It is also true, however, "that often the exercise of a court's equity powers must be made on a case-by-case basis." Holland, 2010 WL 2346549, at \*12 (internal punctuation and citation omitted). In the present action, petitioner already has filed a timely pro se protective petition. While it may seem unlikely, it is possible that petitioner's counsel, once appointed, will determine that an amendment of the petition will not be necessary or that any amendment need not include any new claims, or it may be that any new claims will relate back to claims in the pro se protective petition. If so, there will be no need for equitable tolling. Even if there turns out to be a need for equitable tolling, it is entirely speculative at this point that appointed counsel will require a full year to prepare a petition; it therefore would be inappropriate for the Court to make such a presumption.

In light of the above considerations, the Court concludes that petitioner's request for prospective equitable tolling is premature. The Court declines to make an equitable determination encompassing an undefined time period and unknown future events.

Accordingly, petitioner's request for equitable tolling is denied without prejudice to refiling once counsel is appointed. The litigation of petitioner's petition is stayed until counsel is appointed. Respondent shall not answer the petition at this time. The Court will revisit the issues of equitable tolling and the timing of respondent's answer as necessary after the Court appoints counsel to represent petitioner in the present action.

Saundra Brown Armstrong

**United States District Judge** 

It is so ordered.

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**DATED: 9/13/10** 

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1	1 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT	
2	2 FOR THE	
3	3 NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA	
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6	6 ENRIQUE ZAMBRANO, Case Number: 0	CV09-04917 SBA
7	7 Plaintiff, CERTIFICAT	E OF SERVICE
8	8 v.	
9	9 ROBERT K. WONG et al,	
10	Defendant.	
11	11	
12	I, the undersigned, hereby certify that I am an employee in the Office Court, Northern District of California.	of the Clerk, U.S. District
13	That on September 14, 2010, I SERVED a true and correct copy(ies) of the attached, by placing sair copy(ies) in a postage paid envelope addressed to the person(s) hereinafter listed, by depositing sair envelope in the U.S. Mail, or by placing said copy(ies) into an inter-office delivery receptacle located in the Clerk's office.	
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18	San Quentin State Prison	
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20	Dated: September 14, 2010	1
21	By: LISA R CLARK, De	erk eputy Clerk
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